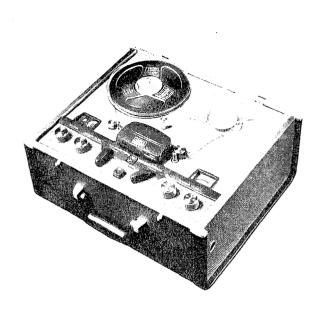
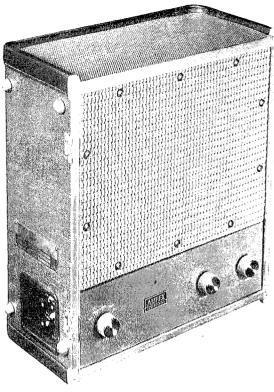
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AMPEX MODELS A121, A122, A124, A621, A692





GENERAL INFORMATION

The Ampex Models A121, A122 and A124 are designed for Stereophonic tapes. All models will record on a half track basis and reproduce half track or full track recordings.

Features on all models include two speed operation, a tape positioning indicator, a positive safety record button, a record level indicator, mixer-fader controls for the microphone and radio or phonograph, and separate erase, record, and reproduce magnetic heads. Fast winding in either the forward or reverse direction is activated by a single lever-type control.

Inputs are provided on all models so that the output of a radio tuner and/or a record changer may be either recorded or routed directly to the accessory amplifier/loudspeaker combination.

The stereophonic reproduce head on the Al21, Al22, and Al24 models — is composed of two separate reproduce heads, one mounted above the other in one stack with gaps in line; complete electrical and magnetic isolation between the two heads prevents cross talk.

The Ampex Models A121, A122 and A124 can be used with amplifier/loudspeaker combinations A621 and A692. The Models A621 and A692 are covered in this manual.

The Ampex Models A121, A122 and A124 use 110-120 volt, 60 cycle, A-C power. (Recorders for use with 50 cycle A-C power are available).

MANUFACTURED BY:

AMPEX CORPORATION 934 CHARTER STREET REDWOOD CITY, CALIFORNIA

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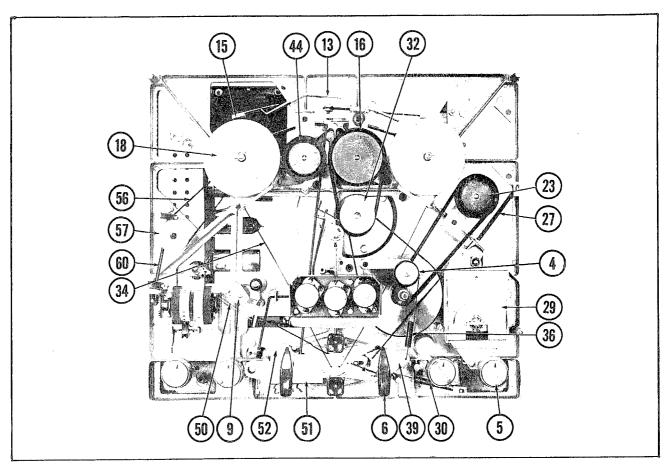


FIGURE 1

SPECIFICATIONS

Tape Width: 1/4 inch.

Tape Reels: 3, 4, 5, or 7 inch RETMA type.

Tape Speed: 7 1/2 and 3 3/4 ips (inches per second).

Frequency Response: $7 \frac{1}{2}$ ips: 30 to 15,000 cps $\frac{+}{2}$ db 50 to 10,000 cps 3 3/4 ips: 30 to 7,500 cps $\frac{+}{2}$ db 50 to 5,000 cps.

Flutter And "Wow": 7 1/2 ips: Under 0.25% rms 3 3/4 ips: Under 0.3% rms.

Fast Winding Time: Less than 90 seconds for a full 1200 foot reel in either the rewind or forward direction.

Record Inputs: Microphone: High Impedance Input: Two high impedance line inputs (Thru and Rec.) are provided. An input of 0.75 volts rms is necessary for recording at program level.

Head Assemblies: Al21, Al22, Al24: Halftrack erase, and half track record heads. In line stereophonic reproduce head.

Reproduce Output: Will deliver more than 0.75 volts rms (from tape recorded at programs level) into a high impedance load of 100,000 ohms or more.

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

Connecting Ampex Amplifier To Reproducer -

When Ampex microphone and amplifier - loud-

speaker combinations are used, all necessary interconnecting cables are provided. The interconnecting will consist simply of plugging the microphone cable into the microphone input receptacle, and the amplifier — loudspeaker cables(s) into the output connector(s). When the power cords are connected from the record/reproducer and the amplifier — loudspeaker combinations to a convenient power source, the equipment is ready for use.

Connecting Amplifier Other Than Ampex To Reproducer -

If accessory equipment other than Ampex is used it will be necessary for you to fabricate the interconnecting cables. Use the mating plugs provided and solder shielded cable to these plugs as illustrated in Fig. (2), following the recommendation of the manufacturer as to cable lengths.

NOTE: Use the shielded (metal shell) plug for the microphone cable.

Tape Threading -

- 1. Place a reel of tape on the left-hand turntable, and an empty reel on the right-hand turntable. Be sure that the pins around the base of each spindle engage corresponding slots on the reel hub.
- 2. Thread the tape as shown on front page, and make a full turn counter-clockwise around the hub of the empty reel. It is not necessary to anchor the tape in the slot on the reel hub.

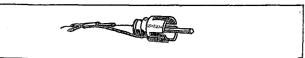


FIGURE 2. CONNECTING CABLE TO PIN JACK

To Record -

- l. Thread a reel of tape on the machine. It is not necessary to erase previously recorded tapes before re-using them. Any previous program on the tape will be erased as the new program is recorded.
- $\mathbf{2}_{\bullet}$ Turn the selector switch to the "Monitor" position.
- 3. Using the knurled drums, set the tape position indicator dials to O_{\bullet}
- 4. Set the tape at which you wish to record by pushing the speed selector down for 3 3/4 inches per second or pulling it up for 7 1/2 inches per second.
- 5. Before starting to record use a test script or rehearsal music to set the microphone record level Adjust the Recording Volume Microphone control so that the meter needle deflects to the end of the black (Normal) portion of its scale on the signal peaks.
- 6. Hold down the Press to record pushbutton and simultaneously turn the Play or Record lever clockwise until it locks in position. You are now recording on the tape at the preset level. If necessary, readjust the Recording Volume Microphone control.
- 7_{\circ} To stop recording and tape motion, press the stop pushbutton.

To Play Back -

- l. Thread a previously recorded tape on the machine, $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$
- 2. Depending upon the model of your recorder/reproducer, and the type of tape to be reproduced, turn the selector switch to its Tape, Single, or Stereo position.
- CAUTION: When reproducing recorded tapes, never touch the Press To Record pushbutton.
- 3. Select the tape speed at which the recording was made by pushing the speed selector down for $3\ 3/4$ inches per second or pulling it up for $7\ 1/2$ inches per second.
- 4. Turn the Listening Volume control to 7 on its dial.
- 5. Turn the Play Or Record lever in a clockwise direction until it locks in position.
- 6. Single Channel Tapes Adjust the volume control on the associated power amplifiers(S) until the desired sound level is achieved.
- 7. Stereophonic Tapes Balance the output of the power amplifiers and make subsequent volume adjustment at the Listening Volume control on the recorder/reproducer. For best results adjust the power amplifier volume so that it is not necessary to drop the Listening Volume control below 5 on its dial.

8. To stop the reproducing function and tape motion, press the Stop pushbutton.

Fast Rewind -

- 1. Turn the Fast Winding lever counter-clockwise until it locks in position.
 - 2. To stop tape motion press Stop pushbutton.

Fast Forward -

- l. Turn the Fast Winding lever clockwise until it locks in position.
 - 2. To stop tape motion press Stop pushbutton.

Erasing -

1. To erase a previously recorded tape without recording a new program on it, turn Recording Volume to zero (0), and run the tape through in the "Record" mode.

TAPE TRANSPORT ASSEMBLY.

The tape transport mechanism incorporates a single-speed induction motor and a system of mechanical linkage, pulleys, and belts to drive the capstan and the turntables. Three modes of tape motion — Play or Record, Fast Winding Forward, and Fast Winding Reverse — are determined by two controls on the front panel of the transport.

Tape Motion --

Tape motion in the record or reproduce modes is controlled by the capstan idler (4) moving against the capstan (38) and the tape running between these two components; tape speed is determined solely by the rate of rotation of the capstan.

Standby Mode -

Power is applied to the drive motor whenever the Selector switch on the front panel is turned from its "Off" position. The capstan immediately starts to rotate, being driven by a belt between the drive motor pulley and the capstan flywheel (38). Capstan speed is determined by the speed selector, which simply positions the drive belt (33) at a point of small or large circumference on the drive motor pulley (32). A second belt (16) from the motor pulley drives a fast winding pulley, and a third belt (24) from the capstan flywheel (38) drives the takeup pulley; neither of these pulleys has any effect in standby as neither is mechanically engaged.

With the capstan in motion the tape will accelerate to full speed almost instantly when the Play Or Record control is operated. A fan mounted on the lower shaft of the drive motor provides forced draft cooling to all components whenever power is applied to the recorder/reproducer.

Play Or Record Mode -

When the Play Or Record control is operated the following mechanical actions occur in sequences.

l. The tape holdback moves against the tape guide, providing holdback tension for the tape.

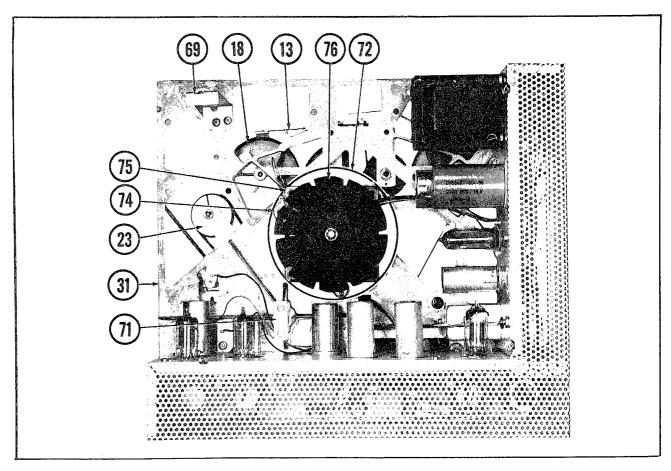


FIGURE 3

- 2_{\circ} The rubber-tired takeup pulley moves against the takeup turntable, and starts rotation of the turntable.
- 3. The capstan idler moves against the capstan, placing the tape in motion at the speed selected.
- 4. The rewind and takeup brakes are pulled from contact with respective turntables.

The tape is thus pulled across the head assembly by the capstan, being held under tension by the tape holdback, and wound on the takeup reel.

When the stop button is pressed the tape hold-back, capstan idler, and takeup pulley are released and spring action returns them to their standby positions. At the same time the self energizing brakes on both the rewind and takeup turntable are activated and the rewind brake applies braking force on its turntable, bringing it to a quick stop.

Fast Winding Forward -

When the Fast Winding control is moved in a clockwise rotation the following mechanical actions occur in sequence:

- l. The fast winding brake engages the rewind turntable, providing holdback tension.
- 2. The fast winding pulley moves toward the takeup turntable, its rubber belt (16) engages the pulley and the turntable, thus providing drive for the turntable in a fast counterclockwise rotation.

3. The normal rewind and takeup brakes are pulled from contact with their respective turntables.

Tape is thus pulled from the rewind reel by the takeup reel, with holdback tension supplied by the fast winding brake at the rewind turntable.

When the stop button is pressed the fast winding pulley is released and returns to its standby position. The fast winding brake is deactivated; and the normal brakes are activated and braking force is again applied to the rewind turntable.

Fast Winding Reverse -

When the Fast Winding control is moved in a counterclockwise direction the following mechanical actions occur in sequence:

- 1. The fast winding brake (13) is applied to the takeup turntable, providing holdback tension.
- 2. The fast winding pulley is forced against a rubber tired idler (44) which in turn is forced against the rewind turntable (18). The belt (16) on the pulley; engaged between the pulley and the idler (44), drives the idler. The idler in turn drives the rewind turntable (18) in a clockwise direction.
- The normal rewind and takeup brakes are pulled from contact with their respective turntables.

Thus tape is pulled from the takeup reel, by the rewind with holdback tension supplied by the fast winding brake (13).

When the "Stop" button is pressed the fast winding pulley is released and returns to its standby position. The fast winding brake is deactivated, and the normal brakes are activated. In this case braking force is applied to the takeup turntable.

Brake Operation -

The braking force is always applied to the trailing turntable (the turntable from which tape is being pulled), with the normal brakes in braking position only after the "Stop" button is pressed. In the play fast winding forward modes of tape motion, both turntables are rotating in a counterclockwise direction, While the controls are in their operating positions both turntable brakes are held from contact with their respective turntables, but when the "Stop" button is pressed, both are activated. The takeup brake in this instance supplies little or no braking force, as it is mechanically incapable of moving with the rotation of its turntable. However, the rewind brake can and does move with the rotation of its turntable, and as it does so it gradually increases the braking force applied until the turntable is brought to a stop. Brake movement is mechanically limited to prevent tape breakage which would occur if the stopping action were too sudden.

The action of the brakes in the fast winding reverse mode is exactly the opposite of that described in the foregoing paragraph. Now both turntables are rotating clockwise, and when the "Stop" button is pressed the brake on the takeup turntable can move with the direction of rotation and supply the braking action.

The fast winding brake is simply a holdback device which is mechanically held against the appropriate (trailing) turntable during actual tape motion in the fast winding modes. This ensures a tight wrap of the tape on the reel of the takeup turntable.

Tape Indicator Operation —

The tape position indicator is driven through a series of gears by a belt (56) from the rewind turntable. This belt runs from a pulley at the base of the turntable to a pulley that is directly coupled to one set of mating gears. These gears are mechanically linked through an extension arm to a second set of mating gears which in turn drive the indicator.

Two dials are provided — one reading in units from 0 to 100 and one reading in hundreds of units from 0 to 20. The unit dial rotates whenever the supply turntable is rotating, but the hundreds units dial is locked by a spring loaded arm. As the units dial passes through its 95-0 indicator, the spring loaded arm is raised by a cam on the inner shaft of the units dial, allowing the hundreds dial to advance one space.

MAINTENANCE

Routine Cleaning -

l. Most tape manufacturers lubricate their tapes, and this lubricant (plus oxide) from the tape will gradually be deposited on the components in the tape threading path. Therefore those components must be cleaned occasionally to prevent both the loss of positive drive at the capstan and flutter and "Wow".

To clean the head assembly use a solution of Xylene and 0.1% Aerosol (Ampex Catalog No. FP-7). A cotton swab on a stick can be used to accomplish this cleaning.

CAUTION: Do not use any other solvent on the head assembly, as some will damage the material which binds the heads laminations together. Also do not use any metallic device which will mar the laminations.

2. Use a clean, lintless, cloth mositened with denatured alcohol to clean the capstan, capstan idler, and tape guides.

Demagnetizing The Heads -

The record and reproduce heads may occasionally acquire a degree of permanent magnetization, which will result in an increase of 5 to 10 db in noise level, distortion of any recorded signal, and a gradual erasure of high frequencies on any recorded tape which passes over them. These heads may be easily demagnetized through the use of an Ampex head demagnetizer, Catalog No. 704.

- l_{\circ} Remove the plastic head cover (by pressing in on each end to release the tab) and the metal shield which covers the head assembly.
 - 2. Turn the Selector switch to its "Off" position.
- 3. Cover the tips of the demagnetizer with masking tape, transparent tape, etc. This will prevent scratching the heads. Latest versions of the demagnetizer are provided with the tips already covered.
- 4. Connect the demagnetizer to a source of 110-120 volt, a-c, power.
- 5. Bring the tips of the demagnetizer in contact with the record head so that the tips straddle the gap in the center of the head. Run the tips up and down the head several times, and then slowly withdraw the demagnetizer. The slow withdrawal is required for through demagnetization.
 - 6. Repeat step 5 at the reproduce head.

ELECTRONIC ALIGNMENT

Equipment Required -

- 1. Ampex Standard Alignment Tape, Catalog No. 5563B.
- 2. AC Vacuum Tube Voltmeter able to indicate rms voltages of .004 or less.
- 3. Audio Oscillator with stable output from 50 cps to $10 \mbox{KC}_{\circ}$
 - 4. Blank tape.

Reproduce Circuit Preliminary Steps -

- 1. Remove the recorder/reproducer from the case or cabinet by carefully inverting the recorder, removing the holding screws, and lifting the case or cabinet off the mechanical assembly. Be sure the plastic head cover is removed before inverting the equipment.
 - 2. Thread blank tape on the tape transport.

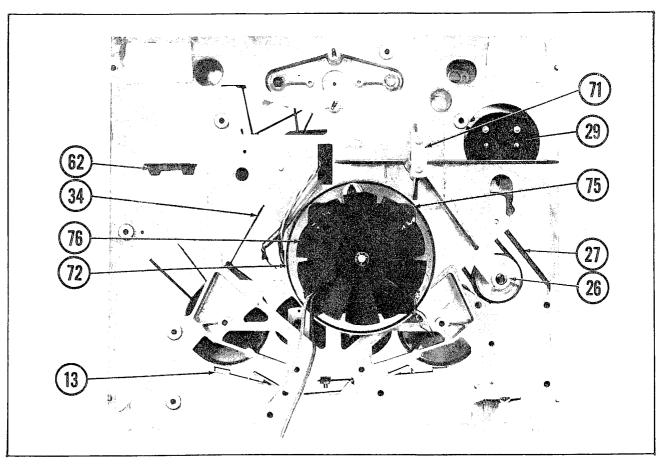


FIGURE 4

- 3. Connect the A-C power.
- 4. Place the selector switch in its tape position (Stereo position on stereophonic models).
 - 5. Start tape motion.

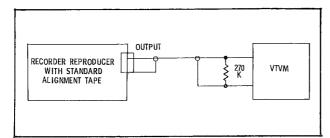


FIG. 5 CIRCUIT FOR ALIGNING REPRODUCE Head Height --

- l. Visually inspect the position of the tape on the three heads (erase head, record head, and reproduce head from left to right when facing the machine) counting the head laminations which are visible above and below the tape. The number above should equal the number below.
- 2. If it is necessary to adjust the height of any head start with the screw immediately in front of that head and count the number of turns or fractions of a turn which are necessary to make the tape track in the middle of the head. If the front screw has to be turned more than 1/4 turn, adjust the screw immediately opposite it (in back of the head) the same amount and re-check the position of the tape.

3. Sight along the reproduce head (37) to the capstan (38). They should be parallel. If not, readjust the head height screws and recheck the head height. Then sight along the record head to the reproduce head and adjust the record head, if necessary to parallel the reproduce head. Finally check the erase head against the record head.

Reproduce Head Azimuth Alignment -

- l_{\bullet} Thread the standard alignment tape on the tape transport.
- 2. Connect the VTVM to the Output jack (Left Output on stereophonic models). Connect a 270,000 ohm load across the VTVM.
- 3. Turn the Listening Volume control to its maximum (clockwise) position.
- 4. Start the standard tape in motion in the reproduce (Play) mode at a tape speed of 7.5 ips.
- 5. The first tone on the tape is a 10KC tone used for adjusting the azimuth of the reproduce head. Adjust the screw to the right of the reproduce head for a maximum indication on the VTVM. Note that if the head azimuth is out of alignment by a large amount several minor peaks will be observed on both sides of the maximum; however the proper setting is clearly 15 to 20 db higher.

Record Circuit Preliminary Steps -

l. Thread blank tape on the recorder reproducer.

- 2_{\circ} Connect the audio oscillator to the Line In-Rec jack. Set the oscillator at an output level of from 1 to 2 volts at 10KC.
- 3. Connect the VTVM to the Left Output jack. This circuit can either be the one used in the reproduce circuit checks as shown in Fig. (7), or can employ a bias trap circuit to eliminate the 100KC bias signal picked up by the reproducer head during recording as shown in Fig. (8).

When alignment procedures differ (depending upon the circuit used) both are described. In general, it will be found that alignment is easier if the bias trap is employed.

- 4. Place the selector switch in its "Tape" position (Single position on Stereophonic Models).
- 5. Reproduce level must be set as in step 3 or step 7 of the reproduce circuit alignment (-12 db when reproducing the 250 cycle tone recorded at -10 db on a standard alignment tape). Maintain this setting throughout the procedure.
- 6. Place the speed selector in its $7\ 1/\ 2$ ips position.
 - 7. Start the tape in motion in the record mode.

NOTE: If the height of the record head has not been checked and, if necessary, adjusted, do so before proceeding.

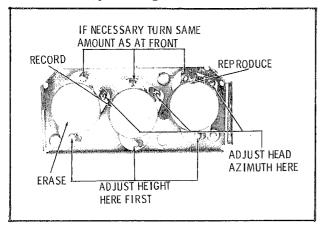


FIGURE 6 HEAD ADJUSTMENTS

Record Head Azimuth Alignment -

With bias trap connection to VTVM.

- 1. Set the audio oscillator frequency to 10KC.
- 2. Adjust the "Recording Volume Radio/Phono" control for an indication of -22 db (.062 volts rms) on the VTVM.
- 3. Adjust the record head azimuth screw for a maximum indication on the VTVM,
 - 4. Stop tape motion.

Without Bias Trap Connection -

l. Place a .01 or .02 uf capacitor across the $VTVM_{\circ}$

- 2. Set the audio oscillator frequency to 10KC.
- 3. Start the blank tape in motion at 7.5 ips in the record mode and adjust the "Recording Volume Radio/Phono" control so that the needle of the "Record" meter on the recorder/reproducer falls on the letter "A" in the word "Normal" on its scale.
- 4. Adjust the record azimuth screw Fig. (7) for a maximum indication on the VTVM.
- 5. Stop tape motion and remove the capacitor installed in step 1.

Record Bias Adjustments -

- l. Change the audio oscillator frequency to 500 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{cps}}_{\bullet}$
- 2. Start the blank tape in motion at 7 $1\!\!/\,2$ ips in the record mode.
- 3. Adjust the "Recording Volume-Radio/Phono" control for an indication approximately $-\ 2$ db (.62 volts rms) on the VTVM.
- 4. Adjust the bias control (see amplifier photos in the rear of this manual) for a maximum reading on the VTVM. It is not necessary to stop tape motion.

Record Meter Calibration -

- l_{\circ} Change the audio oscillator frequency to 250 cps.
- 2. If necessary, adjust the "Recording Volume Radio/Phono" control for an indication of 2 db (.62 volts rms) on the VTVM.
- 3. Adjust the meter calibration control (see amplifiers photos in the rear of this manual) until the needle of the "Record Meter" on the record/reproducer rests on the line between the "Normal" (back) and High (gray) portions of its scale. Stop tape motion and remove the VTVM.

Checking Noise Balance -

- l. Connect an amplifier/loudspeaker combination to the "Left Output" jack. Turn up amplifier volume control to full volume. Turn both "Recording Volume" controls to zero.
- 2. Start the blank tape in motion at 7.5 ips in the record mode.
- 3. Adjust the "Noise Balance" control (R5) for a minimum of popping or cracking as heard from the amplifier/loudspeaker.
- 4. Stop tape motion and remove the amplifier/loudspeaker connection.

Overall Response -

With bias trap connection to VTVM.

- l. Change the audio oscillator frequency to 250 cycles.
- 2. Reconnect the VTVM to the "Left Output" jack.

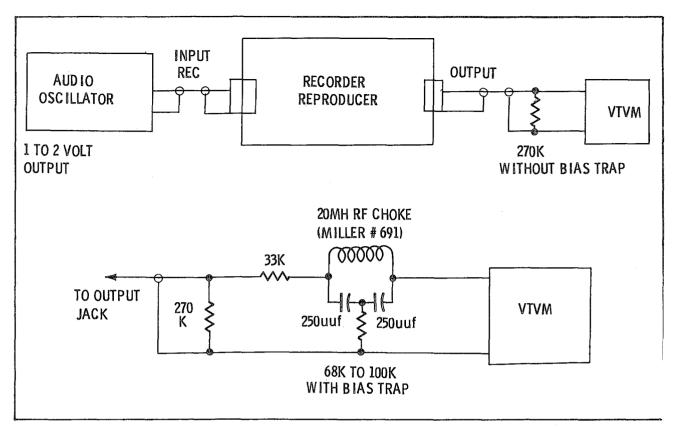


FIG. 7 OPTIONAL CIRCUITS FOR ALIGNING RECORD SECTION.

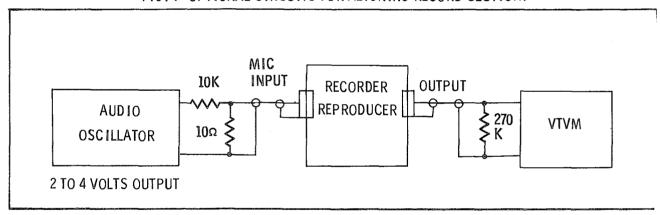


FIG. 8 CIRCUIT FOR CHECKING MICROPHONE PRE-AMPLIFIER.

- $3 \mbox{.}$ Start the blank tape in motion at $7 \mbox{.} 5$ ips in the record mode.
- 4. Adjust the "Recording Volume Radio/Phono" control for a 22 db (.062 volts rms) indication on the VTVM. Maintain this setting.
- NOTE: The overall response check must be made at this level (-20 db from normal operating level) to avoid tape saturation effect at high frequencies.
- 5. Vary the audio oscillator between 50 cps and 10KC noting the indications on the VTVM. Response should be within + 2 db from the -22 db 250-cps reference level at frequencies from 50 cps to 5KC.

Without Bias Trap Connection To VTVM.

1. Connect the ${\tt VTVM}$ across the audio oscillator.

- 2. Set the audio oscillator for an output level of 5 volts rms at 250 cps.
- 3. Start the blank tape in motion at 7.5 ips in the record mode and adjust the "Recording Volume Radio/Phono" control so that the needle of the "Record Meter" on the recorder/reproducer falls on the line between the "Normal" (black) and High (gray) portions of its scale. Maintain this setting.
- 4. Reduce the oscillator output to a level of 0.5 volt rms (-4 db) as indicated on the VTVM. This corresponds to a -22 db output.
- 5. Vary the oscillator frequency between 50 cps and 10KC, recording each frequency for at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Stop the tape and rewind it to the start of the series of tones recorded in step 5.
- 7. Reconnect the VTVM to the "Left Output' jack, using the original circuit.

- 8. Start the tape in motion in the reproduce (playback) mode at 7.5 ips. Note the indications on the VTVM for each tone. Response should be \pm 2 db from the -22 db, 250 cycle, reference level.
- $\boldsymbol{9}_{\circ}$ Stop tape motion and remove the audio oscillator.

NOTE: Overall response at the 3.75 ips tape speed can be checked using this procedure. Response should be + 2 db from the -22 db, 250 cycle, reference level at frequencies from 50 cps to 5KC.

Overall Noise -

- l. Turn both "Recording Volume" controls to their maximum counterclockwise position (minimum volume).
- 2. Start the tape in motion at 7.5 ips in the record mode and record a section of tape with no input signal. Note that the tape is actually being erased so that overall noise will include the erase signal.
- 3. Stop tape motion and rewind the tape to the start of the section recorded in step 2.
- 4. Start the tape in motion at 7.5 ips in the reproduce (playback) mode and reproduce the erase section, noting the indication on the VTVM. The reading should be -46 db (.004 volt rms) or under.
 - 5. Stop tape motion.

NOTE: Overall noise at the 3.75 ips speed can also be checked by following the above procedures, except using the 3.75 ips speed. Noise should be -41 db (.004 volt rms) or under.

Final Steps -

- l. Remove the VTVM from the recorder/reproducer.
- 2. If the alignment check were normal, replace the recorder/reproducer in its case or cabinet by carefully inverting the recorder/reproducer and sliding the cabinet into position. If the alignment checks were not normal, proceed to Corrective Maintenance.

TAPE TRANSPORT PERFORMANCE CHECKS

The mechanical operation of the components of the tape transport is fixed within strict design specifications and there are no adjustments (this excludes the head assembly which is aligned during the electronic alignment procedure). However, a few simple checks should quickly determine that the transport is operating properly, or indicate that corrective maintenance is required.

Some of the performance checks outlined may be made using alternate methods, depending upon the test equipment available. For this reason the test equipment required is detailed at the start of each discussion.

Tape Speed —

Test Equipment — Electronic Frequency Counter

1. The most accurate method of measuring tape

speed is to reproduce a tape precisely recorded at a frequency between 3,000 and 4,000 cps, using an electronic frequency counter to determine the reproduce frequency. A standard flutter tape recorded at 3,000 cps is an example of this type of tape.) Note that a tape recorded on the recorder/reproducer itself, and then reproduced, will not determine that the tape is moving at the correct speed.

2. An alternate method may be used if an electronic frequency counter is not available. An approximate indication of tape speed may be obtained by timing (with a stop watch) the number of seconds it takes for a measured length of tape to pass a given point on the transport. Measure the tape in multiples of 7.5 inches and play for a run of at least 1 minute.

NOTE: Human error, plus the tendency of stop watches is common usage to jump or lag as they are started, makes this an inaccurate method.

Tape Tension --

Test Equipment - an accurate 0 to 8 ounce spring scale and a reel of blank tape.

- Place a reel of blank tape on the supplyturntable. Thread the tape between the tape holdback and guide, and over the head assembly, but not between the capstan and capstan idler.
- 2, Make a loop in the end of the tape by rolling it back over itself several times. Secure the loop with a piece of masking tape or some similar adhesive.
- 3. Place the hook on the spring scale through the loop, place the "Selector" switch in its "Monitor" position.
- 4_{\circ} Turn the "Play" Or "Record" switch until it locks in its clockwise position.
- 5. Use the spring scale to pull the tape from the supply reel, noting the reading on the scale, which should be between 2 and 3 ounces while the tape is in steady motion. (See Trouble Chart).

Takeup Tension -

Test Equipment — An accurate 0 to 8 oz. spring scale. An empty tape reel with hub diameter of 2 inches. A length of string from 3 to 4 feet in length.

- 1. Place the empty reel on the takeup turntable.
- 2. Anchor the string on the reel and wrap it once or twice in a clockwise direction around the reel hub.
- 3. Tie a loop in the end of the string and place the hook on the string scale through the loop.
- 4. Place the Selector switch in its Monitor position. Turn the "Play" Or "Record" switch clockwise until it locks in position.
- 5. Let the spring scale follow slowly as the string is wound on the reel, taking the scale/reading. It should be approximately 3 ounce/inches. If not, see Trouble Chart.

NOTE: If the hub is 2 inches in diameter the spring scale will indicate directly in ounce/inches.

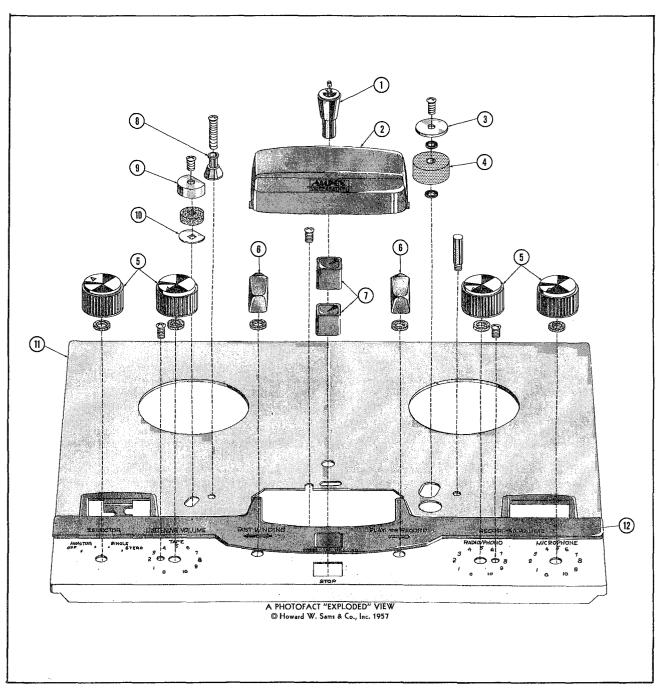


FIGURE 9A. EXPLODED VIEW OF PARTS ABOVE MAIN ESCUTCHEON.

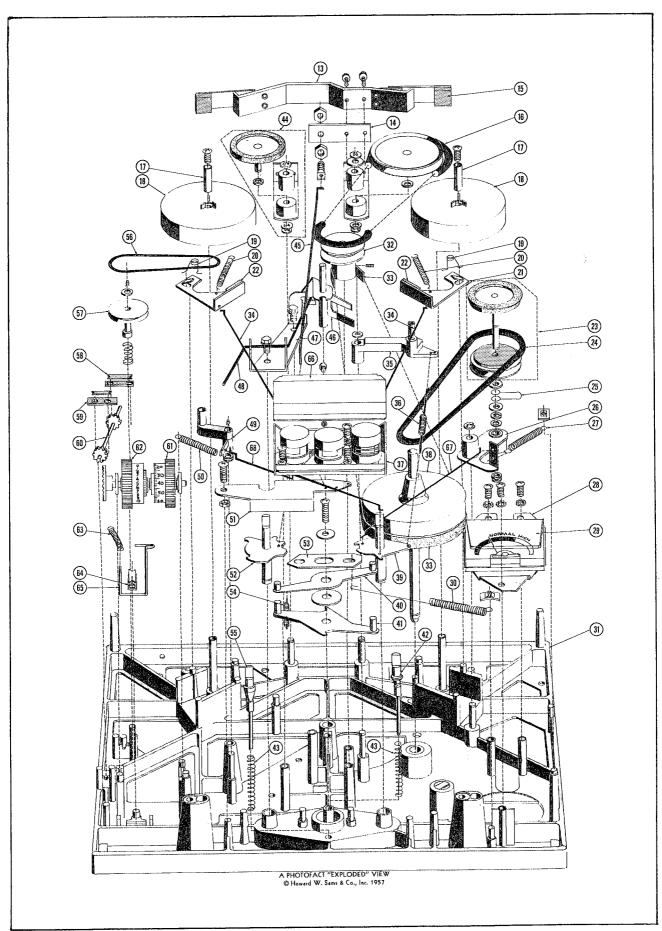


FIGURE 9B. EXPLODED VIEW OF PARTS ABOVE BASEPLATE.

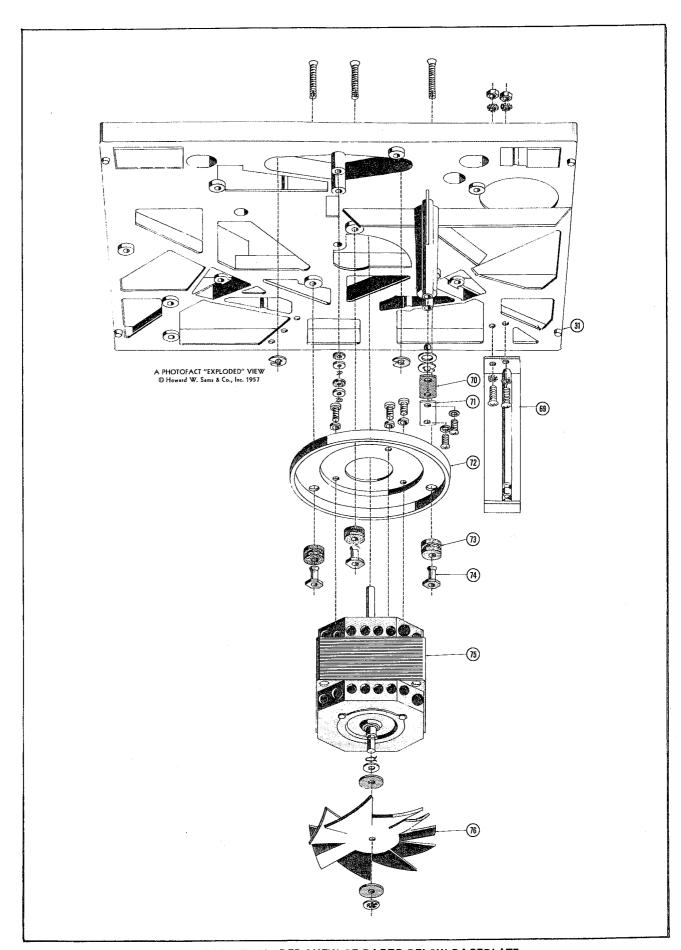


FIGURE 9C. EXPLODED VIEW OF PARTS BELOW BASEPLATE.

If the hub is smaller, wrap it with tape to the 2-inch diameter level. If it is large, multiply the spring scale reading by the radius of the hub to determine the ounce/inch reading.

Brake Tension -

Test Equipment — An accurate 0-8 oz. spring scale. The following procedure applies to both the supply and takeup turntable brakes. The brakes are applied only in the stopping position, so no manipulation of controls is necessary.

- 1. Remove the top cover (12) from the tape transport, and remove the rods (34) to the brake assembly.
- 2. Place the hook on the spring scale through the hole on the brake assembly, or put a string through the hole as a loop for the spring scale.
- 3. Using the spring scale pull the brake in a direction that will move the brake assembly directly away from the turntable. Scale reading should be from 5 to 8 ounces as the brake barely clears the turntable.
 - 4. Repeat the procedure on the other turntable.
- 5. Replace the rods to the brake assemblies. Replace the top cover.

Capstan Idler Pressure -

Test equipment — Accurate spring scale capable of measuring up to 3 pounds,

- 1. Remove the top cover (12) from the tape transport.
- 2. Turn the "Play" Or "Record" switch clockwise until it locks in position.
- 3. There are two holes in the capstan idler arm (35), one of which is used. Place hook on the spring scale through the unused hole.
- 4. Using the spring scale, pull the capstan idler in a direction that will move it directly away from the capstan. Scale reading should be from 2 pounds to 2 pounds 13 ounces as the idler barely clears the capstan. If not, see Trouble Chart.

Flutter And "Wow" -

Test Equipment - Flutter Meter -

- 1. Flutter and "Wow" are produced by periodic irregularities in tape speed which appear as cycle frequency deviations in recording and reproducing. A standard flutter meter connected across the Output jack (Left Output on a stereophonic model) will indicate the flutter when the machine is in the reproduce mode.
- 2. Terminate the Output jack with a 270,000 ohm resistance. Follow the instructions furnished with the flutter meter to make this measurement.

TROUBLE CHART

4,		
SYMPTOM	CHECK INDICATION	REMEDY
No rotation of capstan when selector switch turned to its "On" position.	Illuminating light of tape position indicator not lit; tube filaments not lite.	l. Power cable not connected. Connect power cable. Fuse defective; replace.
	Illuminating light of tape position indicator lit; tube filaments lit.	l. Drive motor belt jammed by changing speed selector when capstan is not rotating. Return speed selector to 3 3/4 ips position. If capstan starts then replace speed selector to desired position.
		2. Drive motor belt broken; replace belt.
		3. Drive motor defective; replace motor assembly.
Defective power supply.	No plate voltage; illuminating light of tape position indicator not	l. Power cable not connected; connect power cable.
	lit; tube filaments not lit.	2. Fuse defective; replace fuse.
		3. Defective power transformer; replace transformer.
	No plate voltage; illuminating light of tape position indicator lit; tube filaments lit.	l. Tube V8 defective; replace tube.
No record meter indi-	Meter illuminating light not lit.	1. Equipment not in record mode.
cation when using mic- rophone.		2. No power to equipment.
	Meter indication normal when recording from Input-Rec. jack.	l. Defective tube V4 or component in that stage. Replace faulty component.
	Meter indication not normal when recording from Input Rec. jack,	l. Defective tube V6 or V5, defective components in those stages, or defective record meter. Record a section of tape at approximately normal level. Reproduce it. If the recording seems normal it indicates a defective tube V6 or component in the stage or a defective record meter.
		2. If the recording is not normal it indicates a defective tube V5 or component in that stage.
No recording function.	No record meter indication.	See above.
	Record meter indication normal.	 Defective tube V5 or component in that stage. Replace defective part.
		2. Record head defective. Replace head.
No reproduce function when playing tape known	Stereophonic reproduce models upper track only defective.	1. Defective tube V1 or defective component in that stage. Replace defective part.
to be properly recorded。 Tape motion normal。		2. Defective tube V2 or defective component in that stage. Replace defective part.
		3. Defective head. Replace head.
	Lower track only defective.	 Defective tube V3 or component in that stage. Replace defective part.
		2. Defective tube V2 (second half) or component in that stage. Replace defective part.
		3. Defective head, replace head.
	Both tracks defective.	l. Defective tube V2, replace tube.

TROUBLE CHART (CON'T.)

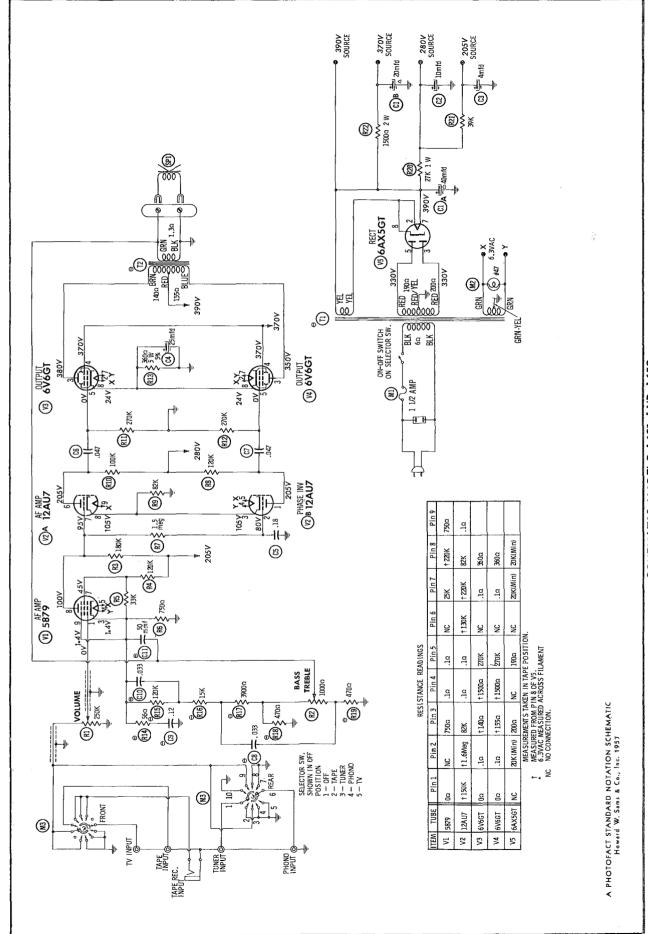
SYMPTOM	CHECK INDICATION	REMEDY
No erase function.	Distortion in recorded signal — no bias adjustment possible.	l. Defective tube V7 or components; replace defective part.
	No recorded signal — no bias adjustment possible.	 Contacts on press to record switch M7 not making contact or dirty. Clean contacts, check that contacts make contact.
	Recorded signal normal — bias adjustment possible.	Defective erase head. Replace head assembly.
Tape speed not normal.	Low line voltage.	l. Line voltage must be at least .05 volts.
	Slipping drive belt (33).	l. Clean associated pulley surfaces, replace belt if necessary.
	Incorrect capstan idler pressure.	l. Replace capstan idler spring (36).
	Capstan bearing binding.	l. Replace capstan assembly (38).
	Defective drive motor (75).	l. Replace motor.
	Excessive tape holdback tension.	l. Check tape tension.
Wrong tape holdback tension.	Excessive tension.	l. Defective holdback spring. Replace spring.
		2. Defective felt pad; replace felt pad.
		3. Brake not releasing. Check mechanical linkage to brakes.
	Low tension.	l. Defective holdback spring; replace spring.
		2. Defective felt pad; replace pad.
Insufficient braking force.	Tape loop thrown when stopping in any mode.	1. Brake worn; replace worn brake assembly (21).
		2. Brake not free to move with direction of turntables. Reposition or replace wire spring (20) as necessary.
Wrong take tension.	Tape loop thrown when starting.	 Takeup drive belt (24) slipping or broken. Clean pulley surfaces; replace belt if necessary.
		 Rubber tire on takeup idler slipping or worn. Clean tire and takeup turntable; re- place idler if necessary.
		3. Defective takeup clutch spring (25); replace spring.
		4. Defective play takeup spring (27); replace spring.
Failure to meet fre-	Poor high frequency response.	1. Poor contact-heads and tape; clean head.
quency response speci- fications.		2. Improper bias adjustment; adjust bias.
		3. Improper head alignment; align head.
		4. Incorrect holdback tension. Revolve or replace tape holdback (9A). Replace tape
		holdback spring (50).
		5. Improper bias adjustment; adjust bias.
		6. Improper head alignment; align head.

TROUBLE CHART (CON'T.)

		7. Recording at excessive level. Reduce record level. Check record meter calibration.
		8. Faulty reproduce amplifiers. Standard audio trouble shooting if indicated.
		9. Faulty record amplifier. Would be indicated if reproduce response is normal. Standard audio trouble shooting.
Failure to meet signal-	Random background noise or	1. Magnetized heads. Demagnetize heads.
to noise specifications.	''poping and cracking''.	2_{\circ} Noise balance not properly adjusted. Adjust noise balance.
	High 60-cycle hum which does not vary as the listening volume control setting is changed.	Filament-to-cathode leakage in V2. Replace tube.
,	High 60-cycle hum which disappears when the listening volume control is turned to minimum (full counter-clockwise).	Hum pickup into VI or V3. Replace tube. Check for external hum sources is close proximity to recorder/reproducer.
	High noise level in the low frequency range — either random or predominately 120 cycle or 30 cycle.	 Motor vibration into microphonic tubes. Turn power off. Hold capstan to stall motor, and turn power on. If noise dis- appers vibration is causing.
		2_{\circ} Check that motor and subchassis shock mounts are free.
		3. Replace VI or V3.
	High amplitude motorboating.	 l. Leads from pin l of Vl or V2 (or Sl) too close to head leads, causing block oscillation. Correct leaddress. 2. Open head circuit. Replace head assembly.
	High frequency "ringing".	l. Microphonic tube, Vl, V2, V3. Replace tube.
	"Crackling" or high frequency.	l. Noisy resistor - probably R6, R7, R8, R19, R20, or R21. Replace resistor.
	Noise reads high on VTVM not noticeable in speaker.	RF pickup from external source.
•	Buzzing	RF pickup from television set. Move power cable and input cable. If the noise changes, TV is causing. Orient cables so noise disappears.
Failure to meet dis-		l. Magnetized heads, demagnetize heads.
tortion specifications.		2_{\circ} Record bias improperly adjusted. Adjust record bias.
		3. Recording at excessive level. Adjust record level.
Failure to meet flutter and wow specifications.		1. Dirt on the components in the tape threading path. Clean thoroughly.
	Flutter frequency approximately 21.36 cps at 7.5 ips.	1. Flat or dented capstan idler tire (revolves at 142 rpm. Replace capstan idler tire (4).
	Flutter frequency approximately 5.7 cps at 7.5 ips.	1. Drive belt (moves at approximately 343 rpm). Replace defective belt. Check that belt is tracking properly.

AMPEX MODELS A121, A122, A124, A621, A692

SCHEMATIC MODELS A621 AND A692.



CHASSIS—TOP VIEW

PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTIONS

TUBES (GENERAL ELECTRIC, SYLVANIA)

	Audio Outp Rectifier
Ž .	V4 V5
NOTES	
ТҮРЕ	5879 12AU7 6V6GT
USE	AF Amplitter AF AmpPhase Inv. Andto Output
TEM So.	322

6V6GT 6AX5GT
Audio Output Rectifier
V4 V5

T2

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

-				_		
	SPRAGUE PART No.	TVL-2762		TVA-1705	TVA-1702	TVA-1205
	SANGAMO PART No.	D-230		MT-4510	MT-4504	MT-0225
	PYRAMID PART No.	TMD-53		TD-10-450	TD-4-450	TD-25-25
REPLACEMENT DATA	MALLORY PART No.	FP376.5		TC72	TC70	TC26
REPLA	CORNELL- DUBILIER PART No.	BO440		BR1045	BR445	BBR25-25
	AEROVOX PART No.	AFE2-56			PRS450V4	
	AMPEX PART No.	CO-418		CO-55	CO-54	CO-59
RATING	VOLT.	450	450	450	450	52
RAT	ਤੌਂ ਤੋਂ	040	₽20	2	4	22
	<u>₹</u>	CIA	щ	23	ខ	2

FIXED CAPACITORS
Capacity values given in the rating column are in mfd. for Paper
Capacitors, and in mmfd. for Mica and Ceramic Capacitors.

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_	NOTES	2				0	9	0	Θ
	1	PART No.		4TM-S47	4TM-S47	6TM-S33		6TM-S33	5GA-Q5
DATA	X40.144	PART No.		GEM-4147	GEM-4147	GEM-4133		GEM-4133	UC-545
REPLACEMENT DATA	2102	PART No.							GP-50
- E	CORNELL-	PART No.		CUB4S47	CUB4S47	CUB6S33		CUB6S33	LT6Q5
	a v v v u Li v D	PART No.		DF-503	DF-503	DF-303		DF-303	D6~500
		PART No.		P488N-047	P488N-047	P288N-033		P288N-033	SI 50
	ALL DE LA COLONIA DE LA COLONI	PART No.	CO-382	CO-333	CO-333				
	RATING	CAP. VOLT	400	400	400	200	200	200	
	3	₹	<u>چ</u>	047	047	033	12	033	20

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① C8, C9, C10, C11 and R14, R15, R16, R17, R18, R19 may be combined in one unit in some versions.

C1

V5

6AX5GT

CONTROLS

	SETOIA MOITA HATEM	INSTALLATION NOTES	Volume		Bass-treble	
	VACITORY	PART No.	044	Not Req.	U 4	Not Req.
ΤA	Q	PART No.	Q13-130			
REPLACEMENT DATA	TABOSTAT	PART No.	A47-250K-Z	FS-3	A47-1000-S	FS-3
REP	CENTRALAB	PART No.	AB-51	AK-7	AB-5	AK-7
	ANTHEN	PART No.	H-1315		H-1316	
١	STT		-in		-412	
1	KAIING	RESIST- ANCE	250K	Shaft	10001	Shaft
	TEM	ģ	RIA	Д	R2A	Д

RESISTORS

NOTES

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INT DATA	IRC	PART No.		BTS-56	BTS-120K	BTS-15K	BTS-3900	BTS-470	BTS-470	BTA-27K	BTS-39K	BTB-1500
REPLACEME	AMPEX	PART No.										
	()	WATT	2							-		~
	ZYZY ZYZY	OHMS	3600 5%	29g	120K	15K	39000	4700	4700	27K	39K	15002
	TEM	9	R13	R14	RIS	R16	R17	R18	R.19	R20	R21	R22
NOTES												
ENT DATA	IRC	PART No.	BTS-180K	BTS-120K	BTS-33K	BTS-750	BTS-1.5Meg	BTS-120K	BTS-82K	BTS-100K	BTS-270K	BTS-270K
REPLACEMI	AMPEX	PART No.										
	ני	WATT										
	RATIN	OHWS	180K	120K	33K	7500	1.5Meg	120K	82K	100K	270K	270K
	TEX	j Ž	R3	R4	R2	Re	R.7	358	83	2	H	RIS
	REPLACEMENT DATA	RATING AMPEX IRC NOTES ITEM RATING AMPEX	RATING AMPEX IRC NOTES IRM RATING AMPEX PART No. PART No. OHMS Won TITEM PART NO. PART NO.	M. RATING REPLACEMENT DATA NOTES NOTES NOTES AMPEX REPLACEMENT DATA 0- OHMS WATT PART No. PART NO. <td> Marting Replacement Data R</td> <td> Mark Math Mather Mathe</td> <td> March Marc</td> <td> RATING REPLACEMENT DATA RATING AMPEX RC NOTES No. OHMS WATT PART No. PART No. RT 3600 5% 5 5 1200K BTS-1300K RT 5600 5% 5 6 1200K T 5600 5% 5 6 1200K T 5600 5 6 1200K T</td> <td> RATING REPLACEMENT DATA ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX AMDEX ITEM I</td> <td> No. CHAMS REPLACEMENT DATA REPLACEMENT DATA R.C. NOTES No. CHAMS WATT PART No. PART No. R.S. SGG. 5% 5 E.S. SGG. 5% </td> <td> RATING REPLACEMENT DATA RE</td> <td> No. PATING REPLACEMENT DATA REPLACEMENT DAT</td>	Marting Replacement Data R	Mark Math Mather Mathe	March Marc	RATING REPLACEMENT DATA RATING AMPEX RC NOTES No. OHMS WATT PART No. PART No. RT 3600 5% 5 5 1200K BTS-1300K RT 5600 5% 5 6 1200K T 5600 5% 5 6 1200K T 5600 5 6 1200K T	RATING REPLACEMENT DATA ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM RATING AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX ITEM AMDEX AMDEX ITEM I	No. CHAMS REPLACEMENT DATA REPLACEMENT DATA R.C. NOTES No. CHAMS WATT PART No. PART No. R.S. SGG. 5% 5 E.S. SGG. 5%	RATING REPLACEMENT DATA RE	No. PATING REPLACEMENT DATA REPLACEMENT DAT

Page 18	,	
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(M3)

(R20)

(C7)(R22)

PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTIONS (Continued)

TRANSFORMER (POWER)

						REP	EPLACEMENT	DATA		
Z Z		RAT	RATING		AMPEX	Halldorson	Merit	Stancor Th	Thordarson	Triad
:	PRI.	SEC. 1	SEC. 2 SEC. 3	SEC. 3	PAKI No.	PAKI No.	PAKI No.	PAKI NO.	PAK NO.	
Ħ	11TVAC	LITVAC 680VCT 6.3V	6.3V	6.3VCT	B-9402 ①					
	@.52A	@.066A @1.2A	(a)1. 2A	@1.3A						

(C2)

(R9)

(R21)(R12)

(66

(C5)

R3

(M2)

(R11)

(R14)

	_							
PAKI No.	Ĭ							#H-1194.
PART NO. PART NO. PART NO. PART NO. PARI NO.						NOTES		Ĵ Alternate part #H-1194.
PART No.							3	⊕
Ś				PUT)		Triad		
No.				TUO C		Stancor Thordarson Triad	- AN 140.	
PART				AUDIC	ATA	stancor NoT No.	יס אר	
PART No.		B-9402 ①		RMER (REPLACEMENT DATA	Halldorson Merit Stancor Thordarson Triad	LAKI NO.	
	י כ			TRANSFORMER (AUDIO OUTPUT)	REI	Halldorson Merit	LAN ING.	
	SEC. 1 SEC. 2 SEC. 3	IITVAC 680VCT 6.3V 6.3VCT @.52A @.066A @1.2A @1.3A		ļes.		AMPEX	יסאו ואסי	B-9403 ①
	į.	680VCT 3.066A	#H-1193			_	_	
r	PRI.	117VAC 680VCT 6.3V 3.52A 3.066A 31.2A	Alternate part #H-1193.			ITEM MPEDANCE	PRI. SEC.	T2 93000 180 CT
<u> </u>		160	(D Alter			Ş E Ş Z		TZ

3		① Alternate part #B					ES			
DA PART	251 140						NOTES			
Stancor Inordarson Inda	ישעו זאסי									
Stancor DAPT No	ישרו ואטי			COTAKED				0.	_	
Merit	LAKI NG.	_		u de	7.	INT DATA	QUAM	PAKI		_
Halldorson Merit	LAKING.					REPLACEMENT DATA	AMPEX	PART No.	H-1235	
AMPEX	LAKI NO.	B-9403 ①						FIELD V. C. IMP.	180	
	SEC.	Н					TYPE		Md	
OZ	PRI. SEC.	T2 93000 180	ij					SIZE	8	
ģ		T2 8					Z EX		SPI	

FUSES

	BUSS PART No.	HOLDER	4405	
	PAR	FUSE	AGC 1½	
REPLACEMENT DATA	ITTELFUSE PART No.	HOLDER	357001	
REPLACEM	UTTEL	FUSE	31201. 5 (3AG 1 [±] 2A)	
	X. S.	HOLDER		
	AMPEX PART No.	FUSE	070-012	
	RATING	<u>'</u>	1½A 250V	
	TYPE		3 AG	
	ZEX O		묫	

MISCELLANEOUS

(R7)

(R4)

(R8)

(R10)

(R5)

(C10)

(R6)

C9

(C3)

(R15)

	PART NAME	AMPEX PART No.	NOTES
M2 M3	Pilot Light Switch	LA-5 B-1270	Type #47 Function (Rotary wafer type)
			CABINET PARTS

(When Ordering Cabinets & Cabinet Parts, Specify Model, Chassis & Color)	DESCRIPTION		
nen Ordering Cabine	PART NO.	20902-1 H-1403	
(Wh	NAME	Knob Cabinet	

C8

(R19

(R17)

(R13)

(R1)

(C11)

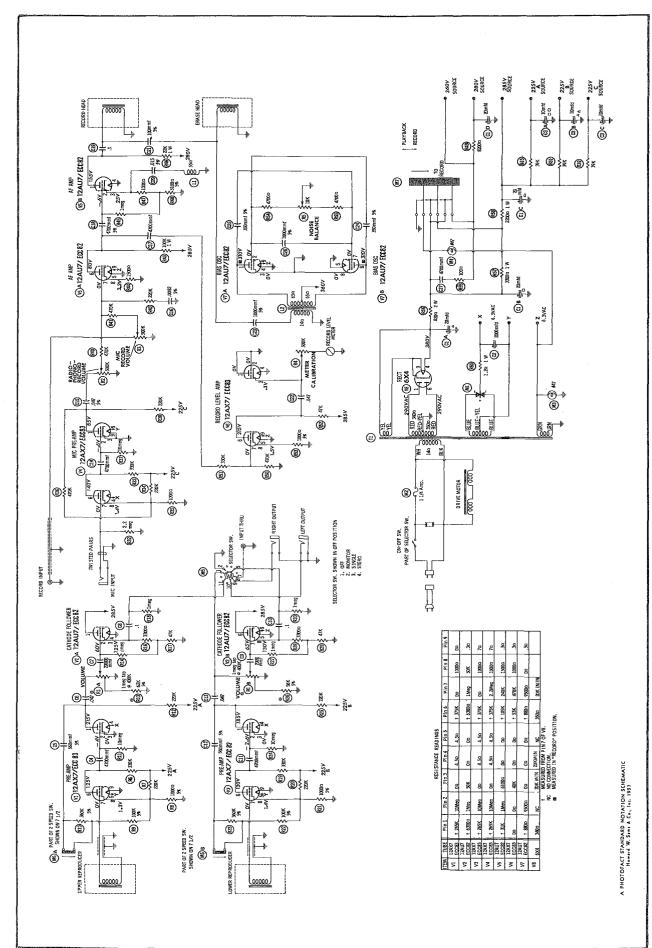
(R18)

AMPEX MODELS A121, A122, A124, A621, A692

C4

(R16)

R2



PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTIONS

TUBES (GENERAL ELECTRIC, SYLVANIA)

Ŋ.	USE	TYPE	NOTES		¥e.
ΙΛ	Preamplifier	12AX7/ECC83	283	1	Δ2
V2	Cathode Follower	12A U7 / ECC82	182		9.0
٧3	Preamplifier	12AX7/ECC83	283		LΛ
V4	Mic, Preamplifier	12AX7/ ECC83	183		Λ8
				1	

NOTES	28	.83	:82		
TYPE	12AU7/ECC8	12AX7/ ECC83	12A U7/ ECC82	6X4	
USE	AF Amplifier	Record Level Amplifier	Bias Oscillator	Rectifier	
Ŋ. No.	42	9.0	Λ	Λ8	
	_				

C2

(11

C1

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282			SPRAGUE PART No.	TVL-4763	TVL-1168 R2517 *
12AU7/ ECC82 6X4			SANGAMO PART No.	Q-040	S-025 T-105
necord bever Ampliater Bias Oscillator Rectifier	S		PYRAMID PART No.	TMQ-12	TMS-5 TMT-27
	ACITOR	REPLACEMENT DATA	MALLORY PART No.	FP444	WP041 FP330, 5
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	YTIC CAR	REPLAC	CORNELL- DUBILIER PART No.	D0130	A0070 C0210
12AX7/ ECC83 12AX7/ ECC83	ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS		AEROVOX PART No.	A FH4-14	AFH1-03
r 12A plifier 12A			AMPEX PART No.	CO578	CO66 CO572

VOLT.

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N TEX

450 450 450 450 15 350 350

CIA C2 C3A C3A

FIXED CAPACITORS

Capacity values given in the rating column are in mfd. for Paper Capacitors, and in mmfd. for Mica and Ceramic Capacitors.

(V8) 6X4

R5

		NOTES		2%	!						5%	!			38	!			5%	!		5%	265	38	器	
		SPRAGUE PART No.	5GA-D47	MS-356	4TM-S47	5HK-S2	4TM-Pl	5HK-S2	4TM-Pl	5GA-D47	MS-356	4TM-S47	5GA-D47	4TM-S47		5GA-D47	5GA-D47	4TM-P5			4TM-S47	MS-21			MS-21	5GA-D47
T DATA		MALLORY PART No.	UC-5247		GEM-4147		GEM-401		GEM-401	UC-5247		GEM-4147	UC-5247	GEM-4147		UC-5247	UC-5247	GEM-405			GEM-4147					UC-5247
REPLACEMENT DATA	-	PART No.	ED-0047			ED-02		ED-02		ED-0047			ED-0047			ED-0047	ED-0047									ED-0047
	- IENSCO		BYA10D47	IR5T56	CUB4S47	BYB6S2	CUB4P1	BYB6S2	CUB4P1	BYA10D47	R5T56	CUB4S47	BYA10D47	CUB4S47		BYA10D47	BYA10D47	CUB4P5			CUB4S47	1R5D11			IRSDII	BYA10D47
	4111	PART No.	DD-472		DF-503	DD-203	DF-104	DD-203	DF-104	DD-472		DF-503	DD-472	DF-503		DD-472	DD-472				DF-503					DD-472
		AEROVOX PART No.	BPD-0047	1464-00056	P488N-047	BPD-02	P488N-1	BPD-02	P488N-1	BPD-0047	1464-00056	P488N-047	BPD-0047	P488N-047		BPD-0047	BPD-0047	P488N-5			P488N-047	1464-001			1464-001	BPD-0047
	AMBEV	PART No.	CO-577	CO-579	CO-574	CO-337	CO-294	CO-337	CO-294	CO-577	CO-579	CO-574	CO-577	CO-574	CO-575	CO-577	CO-577		CO-576	CO-92	CO-574	9-00	CO-140	CO-140	9-00	CO-577
	RATING	VOLT			400		400		400			400			200			400	200		400					
	Z	₹	4700	260	. 047	20000	٦.	20000	٦,	4700	260	,047	4700	.047	, 0082	4700	4700	ı,	.015	100	.047	1000	320	350	1000	4700
	ITEM	ż	C4	C2	90	<u>C</u>	<u>ي</u>	60	CE CE	ij	CIZ	CI3	C14					CI9	C20	C21	C22	C23	C24	C25	C26	C27

12.5				LON MOLIVITATION NOT	
				MALLORY	DADT NI
	SIC	TA	9	<u>ع</u>	DADT NIA DADT NIA
	CONTROLS	EPLACEMENT DAT	T1 T0 C0 10	CENTRALAB CLAROSIA!	DADT
		RE	21.41	CENTRALAB	DADT NO.
			AMPEX		DADT NO
2 - 100 120 - 100 10		CIVILYO	2	No PECICI	WATTS
		į	E	ź	•

M3

(C21)

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		INSTALLATION NOTES	Listening Volume Tap (a)	Listening Volume Tap @	400K Radio-Phono, Recording Volume	Microphone. Recording	Volume	Meter Calibration Noise Balance	
		MALLORY PART No.	UE1708		U48	Not Req.	Not Req.	SU-20	Not Req.
TA	-	PART No.			Q13-133	Not Req.	Not Req.	B11-116	TM-Kit
REPLACEMENT DATA	1110001	PART No.	,		A47-500K-Z Q13-133	FS-3 A47-500K-Z	FS-3	A47-10K-S	FKS-1/4
RE	21.47	PART No.			B-60	Not Req. B-60	Not Reg.	AB-14	AK-i
	AMPEX		20983-1	·	044~106	044-106		044-108	
ب	Ď	WATTS	4 121	ru	ыļю	→ķe		-101-10	
CIAITAG	5	RESIST- ANCE	lMeg	lMeg	500K	Shaft 500K	Shaft	500K 10K	Shaft
	¥ E	ģ	RIA	Ø	R2A	B3A	В	R4 R5A	щ

PARTS LIST AND DESCRIPTIONS (Continued) RESISTORS All wattages 1/2 watt, or less, unless otherwise listed.

Time	L			DED! A CEAA	ENT DATA			CEMENT DATA		ı	SATA PATA	
No. Column Colu	T T		2	NETCALEM	WING IN		TEAL			אבירבא	EN DAIA	
OHMS WATI PART No. CHMS WATI PART No. PART No. CHMS MATI PART No. CHMS MATI PART No. CHMS MATI PART No. COHMS MATI PART No. COHMS MATI PART No. COHMS MATICAL NO. CHI-076 MATI PART No. CHI-076 MATICAL NO. CHI-076	2		2	AMPEX	EC.	NOTES	<u> </u>		 5	AMPEX	IRC.	NOTES
1000m 5% 042-150 FTFS-330K R34 220K 041-076 041-044 041-076 041-084 041-076 041-084 041-084 041-280 041-280 041-280 041-280 041-280 041-284 041-284 041-284 041-284 041-284 041-284 041-284 041-076 041-084	į	OHWS	WATT		PART No.		2		WATT		PART No.	2
100000	88	330K		042-150	BTS-330K		R34	220K		041-076	BTS-220K	
100002 %% 642-151 BTS-1000 R36 470K 641-080 100002 %% 642-151 BTS-100K R37 100keg 100keg 641-024 BTS-100ke R38 120K 641-077 100keg 641-076 BTS-220K R40 470K 641-067 100keg 641-076 BTS-220K R40 470K 641-067 100keg 641-067 BTS-220K R40 470K 641-060 100keg 641-264 BTS-10keg R41 470K 641-060 100keg 641-264 BTS-10keg R42 100K 1641-076 100keg 641-264 BTS-10keg R45 100K 1641-076 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R45 100K 1641-076 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R48 100K 641-080 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R50 470K 1641-076 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R50 470K 1641-080 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R50 470K 1641-080 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R51 130K 1641-080 100keg 641-076 BTS-230K R51 130K 1641-080 100keg 641-046 BTS-230K R52 4700C 1641-080 100keg 641-046 BTS-230K R53 1000K 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-24K R52 4700C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-24K R52 100K 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-24K R53 100C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-24K R53 100C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-38K R54 100C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-38K R54 100C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-38K R54 100C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-38K R56 10C 1641-056 100keg 641-262 BTS-24K R56 10C 1641-056 100keg 641-249 BTS-38K R56 10C 1641-056 100keg 641-056 BTS-24K	E.			041-076	BTS-220K		R35	10001		041-048	BTS-1000	
100K # 35 041-023 BTS-3-100K R38 220K 041-244 100ke # 35 041-264 BTS-3-100K R38 220K 041-267 100ke # 35 041-244 BTS-1200K R39 39K 041-076 220K # 041-076 BTS-200K R41 470K 041-080 220K # 041-076 BTS-310K R41 470K 041-080 230k 041-064 BTS-39K R42 220K 041-076 230k 041-064 BTS-39K R44 1500K 041-076 230k 041-076 BTS-200K R44 1500K 041-076 230k 041-076 BTS-200K R48 1500K 041-076 241-076 BTS-200K R48 1500K 041-076 250k 041-076 BTS-200K R50 470K 041-076 250k 041-076 BTS-30K R50 470K 041-276 250k 041-275 BTS-30K R50 470K 041-276 250k 041-076 BTS-30K R50 470	R8	10002 5%		042-151	BTS-1000		R36	470K		041-080	BTS-470K	
156 Mc 57, 10 Mc 57, 20	R3	100K 5%		041-023	BTS-100K		R37	10Meg		041-244	BTS-10Meg	
100 100	R10	360K 5%		041-260	BTS-360K		R38	220K		041-076	BTS-220K	
22.00K 041-076 BTS-220K Note 1. R40 470K 041-080 1.Meg 041.249 BTS-180K Note 1. R42 220K 041-080 339K 041-054 BTS-39K R44 100K 1 041-070 330K 041-054 BTS-38K R44 1500K 041-070 041-070 1Meg 041-260 BTS-380K R44 1500K 041-070 041-070 1Meg 041-269 BTS-380K R44 1500A 041-070 041-070 220K 041-269 BTS-380K R44 1500A 041-070 041-070 220K 041-269 BTS-380K R46 22K 041-070 041-070 220K 041-260 BTS-380K R46 820K 041-070 041-070 380K 041-076 BTS-36K R53 1000A 041-070 041-070 380K 041-076 BTS-36K R53 470OA 041-050 041-050	RII	10Meg		041-244	BTS-10Meg		R39	39K		041-067	BTS-39K	
BASK SA OH1-249 BTSS-GZK Note 1. R42 270K O44-067 390K O44-064 BTS-1Meg R74 100K 1 044-076 330003 O44-064 BTS-3300 R43 100K 1 044-076 4TK O41-250 BTS-3300 R44 15003 041-050 041-050 3300K O41-249 BTS-1Meg R75-1Meg R75-1Meg 041-050 041-050 220K O41-150 BTS-230K R44 15003 041-050 041-050 220K O41-076 BTS-230K R44 15003 041-050 041-050 100M 56 O41-076 BTS-250K R50 1041-050 041-050 10Meg O41-026 BTS-360K R51 330K 041-056 041-056 220K O41-076 BTS-360K R53 10003 041-056 041-056 330C O41-076 BTS-360K R53 10003 041-056 041-056<	R12	220K		041-076	BTS-220K		R40	470K		041-080	BTS-470K	
1962 041-249 BFTS-1Meg RA2 200K 041-076 3300A 041-067 BFTS-390K RA4 1500K 1 041-076 3300A 041-056 BFTS-390K RA4 1500K 041-076 041-076 1Meg 041-249 BFTS-330K RA4 1500K 1 041-076 1Meg 041-249 BFTS-1Meg RA6 22K 041-046 041-046 2200K 041-076 BFTS-230K RA9 1500C 041-046 041-046 1000K 56 041-076 BFTS-230K RA9 1500C 041-046 1000K 56 041-08 BFTS-100K RB0 1041-076 041-048 1000K 56 041-076 BFTS-220K RB1 RB3 1000C 041-058 1000K 56 041-076 BFTS-10Meg RB2 4700C 041-056 1000K 56 041-076 BFTS-10Meg RB5 4700C 041-056 <t< td=""><td>R13</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>BTS-62K</td><td>Note 1.</td><td>R41</td><td>470K</td><td></td><td>041-080</td><td>BTS-470K</td><td></td></t<>	R13				BTS-62K	Note 1.	R41	470K		041-080	BTS-470K	
39K 041-067 BTS-39K RA4 100K 1 041-170 47K 041-054 BTS-330 RA4 1500X 1 041-170 47K 041-260 BTS-1Meg RA4 1500X 041-049 220K 041-160 BTS-230K RA4 1000A 041-049 220K 041-160 BTS-230K RA4 1000A 041-049 220K 041-076 BTS-220K RA4 1000A 041-064 100M 56 041-03 BTS-220K RA9 1000A 041-064 100M 56 041-03 BTS-20K RB0 470K 041-059 10Me 56 041-04 BTS-20K RB0 470K 041-059 20M 041-04 BTS-20K RB2 470 041-056 20M 041-05 BTS-30K RB3 1000A 041-056 3300 041-04 BTS-30K RB5 820A 041-056 47K	R14	IMeg		041-249	BTS-1Meg		R42	220K		041-076	BTS-220K	
330000 041-054 BTSS-3300 R44 15000 041-054 1Meg 041-260 BTSS-4TK R45 11Meg 041-054 1Meg 041-260 BTSS-1Meg R46 2ZK 041-049 230K 041-076 BTSS-330K R46 15000 041-046 220K 041-076 BTSS-230K R46 15000 041-046 100M BTS-230K R46 15000 041-046 100M BTS-230K R50 041-059 100M BTS-100K R50 041-059 100M BTS-100K R50 041-059 10Meg 041-076 BTS-100K R50 041-059 20M 041-076 BTS-200K R53 041-056 30M 041-076 BTS-230K R53 041-056 30M 041-076 BTS-3Meg R56 22000 041-056 30M 041-076 BTS-3Meg R59 1000 041-056 30Meg </td <td>RIS</td> <td>39K</td> <td></td> <td>041-067</td> <td>BTS-39K</td> <td></td> <td>R43</td> <td>100K</td> <td>-</td> <td>041-170</td> <td>BTA-100K</td> <td></td>	RIS	39K		041-067	BTS-39K		R43	100K	-	041-170	BTA-100K	
Marcon M	F16	33002		041-054	BTS-3300		R44	15003		041-050	BTS-1500	
Marg Od1-249 BTS-1Meg R46 22K 100073 220K Od1-150 BTS-230K R47 100073 Od1-046 220K Od1-150 BTS-220K R48 10007 5% Od1-046 220K Od1-021 BTS-220K R48 10007 5% Od1-046 220K S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 330 Od1-24 BTS-230K R5 S4 S7 S4 340K S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 S4 S	R17	47K		041-250	BTS-47K		R45	lMeg		041-249	BTS-1Meg	
220X 041-156 BTS-230K R48 100003 041-048 220X 041-076 BTS-230K R48 100003 041-048 100M 55 041-076 BTS-220K R54 220M 041-061 100M 56 041-280 BTS-210M R56 170K 041-061 100M 56 041-280 BTS-20M R51 330K 041-078 20M 041-280 BTS-20M R51 370K 041-078 20M 041-076 BTS-20M R53 1000M 041-076 1Meg 041-076 BTS-2Meg R54 4700A 041-056 330G 041-076 BTS-3Meg R56 320A 041-056 47K 041-249 BTS-3Meg R56 320M 1041-156 1Meg 041-249 BTS-3Meg R56 320M 1041-150 30M 041-249 BTS-3Meg R56 1,20 1,21 041-251 30Meg <	R18	lMeg		041-249	BTS-1Meg		R46	22K		041-162	BTA-22K	
2200K 940-076 BTR-2200K R49 510005 59 041-051 1000K 55 041-076 BTR-2100K R49 52000 041-059 1000K 55 041-024 BTR-1000K R50 470K 041-059 1000K 56 041-280 BTR-280K R52 470 041-078 1000K 64 041-284 BTR-220K R52 47K 041-078 56K 55 041-244 BTS-220K R53 10000 041-078 56K 56 041-244 BTS-220K Note 1, R54 47000 041-046 56K 56 041-249 BTS-1Meg R55 47000 041-046 51Meg 041-240 BTS-1Meg R56 47000 041-056 47K 041-250 BTS-47K R51 33000 041-261 47K 041-240 BTS-1Meg R58 22000 041-261 47K 041-240 BTS-3 BTS-3	RB	330K		041-150	BTS-330K		R47			041-048	BTS-1000	
100007 50 404-151 1872-1000	R20			041-076	BTS-220K		R48			041-001	BTS-5100	
100K 5% 041-023 BTS-100K R50 470K 041-080 360K 360 041-244 BTS-360K R51 330K 041-078 10Meg 041-076 BTS-220K R24 47K 041-048 56K 57 041-076 BTS-220K R53 1000A 041-048 11Meg 041-049 BTS-1Meg R75 470O 041-046 47K 041-244 BTS-1Meg R54 470O 041-046 47K 041-246 BTS-1Meg R75 470O 041-056 47K 041-246 BTS-1Meg R75 470O 041-056 47K 041-246 BTS-1Meg R78 220O 1 041-151 1Meg 041-254 BTS-1Meg R59 1000 041-150 041-150 39K 041-275 BTS-22 Meg R69 1000 041-150 041-150 39K 041-076 BTS-330K R69 1,20 1 0	R21			042-151	BTS-1000		R49			041-059	BTS-8200	
38.0K 96, Hole PETS-860K Real 370K 041-078 10Mee 041-244 BTS-210Me R52 47K 041-076 220K 041-076 BTS-220K R53 1000A 041-056 56K 95 041-244 BTS-230K R53 1000A 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-330 R54 4700A 041-056 47K 041-249 BTS-330 R55 4700A 041-056 47K 041-249 BTS-47K R57 3300A 1 041-256 1Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R58 2200A 1 041-150 3, 2Meg 041-27 BTS-2.3Meg R59 100A 041-251 3, 2Meg 041-27 BTS-2.3Meg R60 1, ZA 1 041-251 3, 30K 041-07 BTS-3.2Meg R60 1, ZA 1 043-220	R22			041-023	BTS-100K		R50	470K		041-080	BTS-470K	
100Meg 041-244 BTS-210Meg R53 100000 041-250 200K 576 041-076 BTS-256K R54 100000 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-36K R55 470001 041-056 3300 041-054 BTS-3800 R56 82000 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-3800 R56 82000 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-3800 R56 82000 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-3800 R56 22000 041-150 2, 2Meg 041-242 BTS-3806 R56 L200 041-150 3300 041-067 BTS-3806 R56 L200 041-150 3400 041-067 BTS-3806 R56 L200 041-150 3500 041-067 BTS-32006 R56 L200 041-150 3500 041-067 BTS-3806 R56 L200 L201 041-150 3500 041-067 BTS-3806 R56 R5	R23	360K %		041-260	BTS-360K		R51	330K		041-078	BTS-330K	
2200K 041-076 BTS-220K Note 1, R54 A700D 041-048 1Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R75-1Meg R75-1Meg 041-056 1Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R75-1Meg 041-056 4TK 041-249 BTS-1Meg R75-4Meg 041-250 1Meg 041-249 BTS-4Meg R78 2200D 1 1Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R78 2200D 1 1Meg 041-256 BTS-1Meg R69 100D 041-152 2, 2Meg 041-257 BTS-2, 2Meg R60 1, 20 1 041-152 390K 041-076 BTS-2, 2Meg R69 1, 20 1 041-150 3, 2Meg 041-076 BTS-3, 2Meg R69 1, 20 1 043-220	R24	10Meg		041-244	BTS-10Meg		R52	47K		041-250	BTS-47K	
56K 95 67 178.56K Note 1. R54 4700.0 041.056 196 3300 041.054 BTS-1Meg R75 4700.0 041.056 196 3300 041.054 BTS-1Meg R65 9200 2 041.206 1Meg 041.249 BTS-1Meg R67 3300,0 1 041.206 1Meg 041.249 BTS-1Meg R789 R50 1 041.182 2, 2Meg 041.267 BTS-2.3Meg R60 1,20 1 041.251 3, 2Meg 041.067 BTS-2.3Meg R60 1,20 1 043.220	R25	220K		041-076	BTS-220K		R53	10000		041-048	BTS-1000	
Main	R26				BTS-56K	Note 1,	R54	47000		041-056	BTS-4700	
3300 041-054 BTS-3300 F156 82023 2 041-201 47K 041-266 BTS-47K R57 1041-201 041-152 1Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R58 22000 1 041-152 3, 2Meg 041-282 BTS-23K R59 1000 041-251 1 3, 2Meg BTS-223K R59 1000 041-251 1 043-220 330K 041-078 BTS-23Keg R50 1, 20 1 043-220	R27	lMeg		041-249	BTS-1Meg		R55	47002		041-056	BTS-4700	
47K 041-256 BTS-47K R57 33000 1 041-152 1 Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R58 22000 1 041-150 39K 041-267 BTS-39K R59 1000 041-25 1 2, 2Meg 041-282 BTS-2, 2Meg R60 1, 20 1 043-220 330K 041-078 BTS-330K BTS-330K 1 043-220	R28	3300		041-054	BTS-3300		R56	8202	~	041-201	BTB-820	
Meg 041-249 BTS-1Meg R58 22000 1 041-150 1 99K 041-252 BTS-2, 2Meg R60 1,20 1 043-220 1 043-220 1 30K 24,200	R29	47K		041-250	BTS-47K		R57	33000	-	041-152	BTA-3300	
3.9K 941-267 BTS-2.3Meg R60 1,20 1 043-220 330K 041-078 ETS-3.30K	R30	lMeg		041-249	BTS-1Meg		R58	22002	-	041-150	BTA-2200	
2,2Meg 041-252 BTS-2,2Meg R60 1,20 1 043-220 130K 041-078 BTS-330K	R31	39K		041-067	BTS-39K		R59	1000		041-251	BTS-100	
330K 041-078	R32	2, 2Meg		041-252	BTS-2, 2Meg		R60	1, 22	-	043-220	BTS-1, 2	
	R33	330K		041-078	BTS-330K							

Note 1. Resistors R13 and R26 are factory selected to match R1 tracking. Values range from 56K to 82K.

TRANSFORMER (POWER)

•							REP	REPLACEMENT DATA	DATA		
_	型を		ΙΑ	RATING		AMPEX	Halldorson	Merit	Stancor	Stancor Thordarson Triad	Triad
		PRI.	SEC. 1	SEC. 2	SEC, 3	PART No.	PART No.	PART No. PART No.	PART No.	PART No.	PART No
_	E	117VAC	590VCT	117VAC 590VCT 6.3V		20933-1					
_		®.32A	@.013A	®.6A	@1.25A						
				SEC. 4							
	_			24VCT							
_				@.450A							
L	ĺ										

COILS (RF-IF)

	NOTES	7.5 Millihenries
	MILLER PART No.	099
REPLACEMENT DATA	MERIT PART No.	BC-505
	MEISSNER PART No.	19-2078
	AMPEX PART No.	CH-69 6352
	USE	Tone Choke Bias Osc.
No.		Z C

		NOTES		
TFIER		SARKES TARZIAN PART No.	604B	-
SELENIUM RECTIFIER	REPLACEMENT DATA	PEDERAL INTERNATIONAL PART No.	CIB	FUSES
S	REPLACEN	FEDERAL PART No.	1017	lda
		AMPEX PART No.	800-189	
	RATING	CURRENT (Measured)	,460	
		ğ ġ	MG	

TYPE RATING PART No.		
FUSE HOLDER 3131	LITTELFUSE PART No.	
11/4 070-022	FUSE HOLDER	FUSE
	25 357001	אסביז ו/ י

HOLDER 4405

BUSS PART No.

CHASSIS—BOTTON VIEW

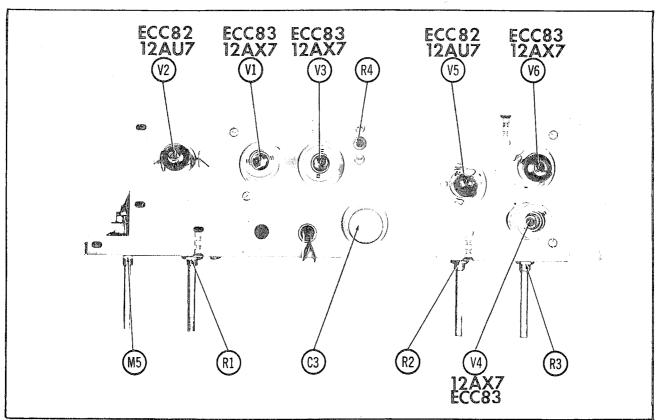
MISCELLANEOUS

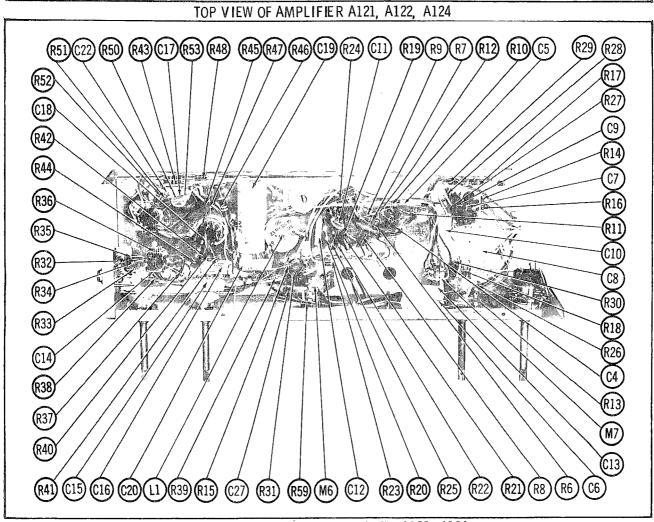
NOTES

AMPEX PART No.

PART NAME

PARI No. #447 #47 On-Off-Selector (Rolary, Wafer Type) Speed Slector Relay Record — Playback (Side Type)	(R58) (R57) (R56) (C24) (C26) (C25)
Pilot Light Pilot Light Switch Switch Switch	M2 R49 R60 M1 R54 R55 C23
MA M	
OTES	l g Ż





BOTTOM VIEW OF AMPLIFIER A121, A122, A124

MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

Ref.	Part		Ref.	Part	
No.	No.	Description	No.	No.	Description
1	110.	20001 Aption]	1.0.	
1	20960-1	Speed Control Button			Control
2	20896-1	Head Cover	41	20955-1	Arm Assembly, Lower Cam
3	20915-1	Capstan Idler Cover	1 1		Control
4	20825-1	Capstan Idler Assembly	42	20901-1	Cam, Shaft, Record
5	20902-1	Control Knob Assembly	43	21014-1	Spring, Shaft Return
6	20980-1	Control Bar Knob	44	20845-1	Idler Assembly, Rewind
7	209 66-1	Pushbutton, Record and Stop	45	21023-1	Rod, Control, Fastwind
8	20920-1	Tape Guide	46	21027-1	Yoke Sub-Assembly, Dual
9	20844~1	Tape Holdback Cover	!		Speed: for 60 Cycle
10	20843-1	Tape Holdback Base]]	21027-2	Yoke Sub-Assembly, Dual
11	20947-2	Cover Assembly Models Al21,]]		Speed for 50 Cycle
]		A122, A124	47	21031-1	Detent Bracket
12	20895-1	Escutcheon	48	21029-1	Wire, Dual Speed Detent and
13	20847-1	Pulley Assembly, Fastwind			Equalization
14	21077-1	Spring, Fastwind Mode	49	20897-1	Arm, Holdback
15	21074-1	Pad, Fastwind Mode Holdback	50	21013-1	Spring, Holdback Tension
1 (Brake	51	20810-1	Brake Lever
16	432-014	"O" Ring, Fast Forward	52	20953-1	Cam Assembly Fastwind
17	20831-1	Cap Turntable Shaft	53	20812-1	Shuttle Interlock
18	20821-1	Turntable Assembly	54	21018-1	Spring, Scissors Return
19	2 0984-1	Brake Spring	55	20900-1	Cam, Shaft Stop
20	21019-1	Brake De-energizing Spring	56	432-016	"O" Ring, Position Indicator
21	20878-1	Brake Arm Assembly, Takeup	57	20937-1	Worm Pulley Assembly,
22	20892 -1	Brake Lining	1		Counter Drive
23	2 0876-1	Pulley Assembly, Takeup Clutch	58	20940-1	Retainer Spring
24	432-015	"O" Ring, Takeup	59	20941-1	Retainer Spring Pad
25	20877-1	Spring, Takeup Clutch	60	20913-1	Jack Shaft Assembly, Counter
26	20874-1	Play Takeup Assembly	! !		Drive
27	21015-1	Play Takeup Spring	61	20931-1	Position Indicator Assembly
28	20814-1	Meter Bracket	62	20978-1	Gear Assembly, Counter
29	20957-1	Meter	63	21008-1	Spring, Position Indicator Latch
30	21012-1	Spring, Shuttle Return	64	20940-1	Retainer Spring
31	20862-1	Base Plate Sub Assembly	65	20929-1	Escapement Latch
32	20859-1	Pulley, Motor: for 60 cps.	66	20945-1	Head Housing Cover
l	20862-1	Pulley, Motor: for 50 cps	67	21021-1	Rod, Control, Play Takeup
33	21057-1	Capstan Drive Belt	68	21022-2	Rod, Control, Holdback Tension
34	21022 -1	Control Brake Rod	69	21058-1	Bracket, Transport Mounting
35	20878-1	Capstan Idler Arm Assembly	70	20950-1	Retainer, Capstan Thrust,
36	21010-1	Capstan Idler Spring		20272 5	Nylon
37	20904-2	Head Assembly, Half Track	71	20950-2	Retainer, Capstan Thrust,
		Erase, Half Track Record	1	20000	Steel
		and Stereo Reproduce - Models	72	20808-1	Mounting Plate, Motor Ass'y.
امدا	00015	A-121, A-122, A-124	73	20982-1	Shockmount, Motor
38	20819-1	Capstan Assembly	74	21069-1	Sleeve Nut, Motor Shockmount
39	20954-1	Cam Assembly, Play Control	75	20872-1	Drive, Motor
40	20856-1	Arm Assembly, Upper Cam	76	20993-1	Fan, Motor